



PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)

For the

EITSD Enterprise NIPRNET

WHS/Enterprise Information Technology Services Directorate (EITSD)

SECTION 1: IS A PIA REQUIRED?

a. Will this Department of Defense (DoD) information system or electronic collection of information (referred to as an "electronic collection" for the purpose of this form) collect, maintain, use, and/or disseminate PII about members of the public, Federal personnel, contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally? Choose one option from the choices below. (Choose (3) for foreign nationals).

- (1) Yes, from members of the general public.
- (2) Yes, from Federal personnel* and/or Federal contractors.
- (3) Yes, from both members of the general public and Federal personnel and/or Federal contractors.
- (4) No

* "Federal personnel" are referred to in the DoD IT Portfolio Repository (DITPR) as "Federal employees."

b. If "No," ensure that DITPR or the authoritative database that updates DITPR is annotated for the reason(s) why a PIA is not required. If the DoD information system or electronic collection is not in DITPR, ensure that the reason(s) are recorded in appropriate documentation.

c. If "Yes," then a PIA is required. Proceed to Section 2.

SECTION 2: PIA SUMMARY INFORMATION

a. Why is this PIA being created or updated? Choose one:

- New DoD Information System
- New Electronic Collection
- Existing DoD Information System
- Existing Electronic Collection
- Significantly Modified DoD Information System

b. Is this DoD information system registered in the DITPR or the DoD Secret Internet Protocol Router Network (SIPRNET) IT Registry?

- Yes, DITPR Enter DITPR System Identification Number
- Yes, SIPRNET Enter SIPRNET Identification Number
- No

c. Does this DoD information system have an IT investment Unique Project Identifier (UPI), required by section 53 of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11?

- Yes
- No

If "Yes," enter UPI

If unsure, consult the Component IT Budget Point of Contact to obtain the UPI.

d. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection require a Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?

A Privacy Act SORN is required if the information system or electronic collection contains information about U.S. citizens or lawful permanent U.S. residents that is retrieved by name or other unique identifier. PIA and Privacy Act SORN information should be consistent.

- Yes
- No

If "Yes," enter Privacy Act SORN Identifier

DoD Component-assigned designator, not the Federal Register number.
Consult the Component Privacy Office for additional information or
access DoD Privacy Act SORNs at: <http://www.defenselink.mil/privacy/notices/>

or

Date of submission for approval to Defense Privacy Office

Consult the Component Privacy Office for this date.

e. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection have an OMB Control Number?

Contact the Component Information Management Control Officer or DoD Clearance Officer for this information.

This number indicates OMB approval to collect data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12-month period regardless of form or format.

Yes

Enter OMB Control Number

Enter Expiration Date

No

f. Authority to collect information. A Federal law, Executive Order of the President (EO), or DoD requirement must authorize the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(1) If this system has a Privacy Act SORN, the authorities in this PIA and the existing Privacy Act SORN should be the same.

(2) Cite the authority for this DoD information system or electronic collection to collect, use, maintain and/or disseminate PII. (If multiple authorities are cited, provide all that apply.)

(a) Whenever possible, cite the specific provisions of the statute and/or EO that authorizes the operation of the system and the collection of PII.

(b) If a specific statute or EO does not exist, determine if an indirect statutory authority can be cited. An indirect authority may be cited if the authority requires the operation or administration of a program, the execution of which will require the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(c) DoD Components can use their general statutory grants of authority ("internal housekeeping") as the primary authority. The requirement, directive, or instruction implementing the statute within the DoD Component should be identified.

5 U.S.C. 301, Departmental Regulation; DoD Directive 5105.19, Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA), DoD Chief Information Officer Memorandum for Director, Defense Information Systems Agency, Enterprise Directory Services Roadmap for the Department of Defense, 2 May 2005.

g. Summary of DoD information system or electronic collection. Answers to these questions should be consistent with security guidelines for release of information to the public.

(1) Describe the purpose of this DoD information system or electronic collection and briefly describe the types of personal information about individuals collected in the system.

EITSD Enterprise NIPR is an IT infrastructure that provides enterprise wide authentication, messaging, backup, and recovery, file and print services, application hosting, enclave boundary security and obtain registration/provisioning data from the DISA Enterprise Services Directorate, Identity Synchronization Service (IdSS) for the purpose of populating and maintaining persona-based user objects in a NIPRNET local directory. EITSD will have a system to system interface connection to the DISA IdSS. The PII Data collected in the DISA IdSS is populated via a system to system connections to DEERS.

EITSD Enterprise NIPR serves customer base that includes Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), Washington Headquarters Services (WHS), Pentagon Force Protection Agency (PFPA) and WHS Supported Organizations. The Enterprise NIPR has the capabilities to capture individual's name, employment information, military records, electronic data interchange person identifier (EDIPI) (aka DoD ID number), rank, title, personnel type, DoD component, DoD sub-component, Non-DoD agency, position title, business email address, and display name(s), office commercial and Defense System Network (DSN) phone and fax numbers, business mobile phone numbers, Internet Protocol (IP) phones, business location and mailing addresses, distinguished name from source record(s), directory publishing restrictions, country of citizenship, US citizenship status, DoD job skill, reserve component code, billet code, and pay grade.

(2) Briefly describe the privacy risks associated with the PII collected and how these risks are addressed to safeguard privacy.

The privacy risks associated with the PII collected are the unauthorized release of PII data. In addition, the Defense-in-Depth methodology is used to protect the repository and interfaces including but not limited to multi-layered fire walls, Secure Sockets Layer/Transport Layer Security connections, Directory access control lists, file system permissions, intrusion detection and prevention systems and log monitoring. Complete access to all records is restricted to and controlled by certified system management personnel, who are responsible for maintaining the EITSD Enterprise NIPRNET integrity and the data confidentiality.

h. With whom will the PII be shared through data exchange, both within your DoD Component and outside your Component (e.g., other DoD Components, Federal Agencies)? Indicate all that apply.

Within the DoD Component.

Specify.

Other DoD Components.

Specify.

Other Federal Agencies.

Specify.

State and Local Agencies.

Specify.

Contractor (Enter name and describe the language in the contract that safeguards PII.)

Specify.

Other (e.g., commercial providers, colleges).

Specify.

i. Do individuals have the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII?

Yes **No**

(1) If "Yes," describe method by which individuals can object to the collection of PII.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot object.

The data retained in EITSD Enterprise NIPRNET is provided via system-to-system interfaces. Individuals are added to the Enterprise NIPRNET when a DD 2875, System Authorization Access Request (SAAR) is submitted.

j. Do individuals have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII?

Yes **No**

(1) If "Yes," describe the method by which individuals can give or withhold their consent.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot give or withhold their consent.

The accredited system is the network, not a specific program. A DD 2875 is submitted before an individual is added to the Enterprise NIPRNET. The DD 2875 does not contain a mechanism for individuals to limit use of PII and the data elements are not collected directly from the individual.

k. What information is provided to an individual when asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that apply.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Privacy Act Statement | <input type="checkbox"/> Privacy Advisory |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other | <input type="checkbox"/> None |

Describe each applicable format.

The EITSD Enterprise NIPRNET does not collect this info directly from the individual, however the Privacy Act Statement when collection happens.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT AUTHORITY: Executive Order 10450, 9397; and Public Law 99-474, the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act.

PURPOSE(S): To record names, signatures, and other identifiers for the purpose of validating the trustworthiness of individuals requesting access to Department of Defense (DoD) systems and information. NOTE: Records may be maintained in both electronic and/or paper form.

ROUTINE USE(S): None.

DISCLOSURE: Disclosure of this information is voluntary; however, failure to provide the requested information may impede, delay or prevent further processing of this request.

NOTE:

Sections 1 and 2 above are to be posted to the Component's Web site. Posting of these Sections indicates that the PIA has been reviewed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect privacy.

A Component may restrict the publication of Sections 1 and/or 2 if they contain information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns.